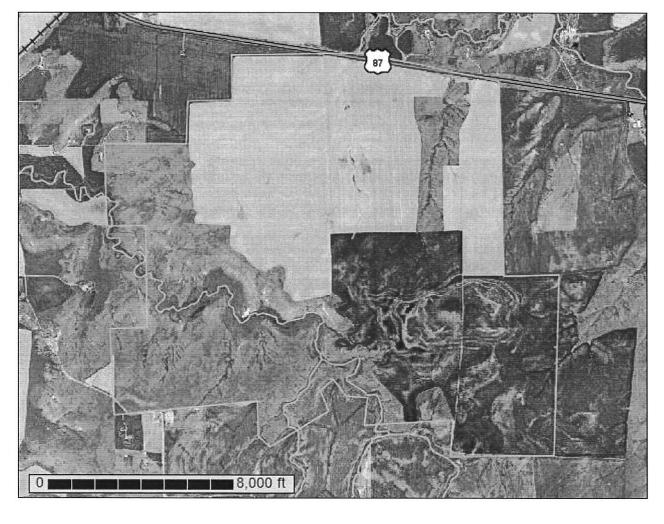


United States Department of Agriculture

NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Cascade County Area, Montana



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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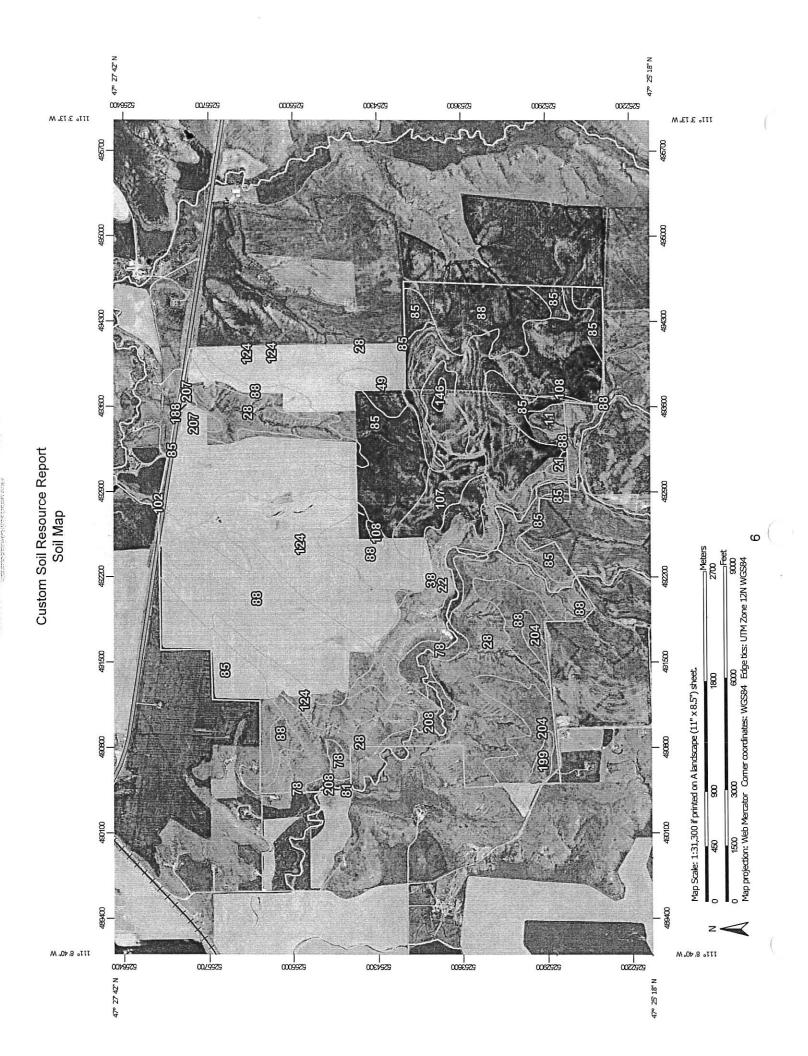
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Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

21. A.M.

Special Line Features Streams and Canals Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Very Stony Spot Major Roads Local Roads Stony Spot US Routes Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Rails Water Features Transportation Background 8 # Soil Map Unit Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) Miscellaneous Water Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Closed Depression Marsh or swamp Perennial Water Mine or Quarry Special Point Features **Gravelly Spot Borrow Pit Gravel Pit** Lava Flow Clay Spot Area of Interest (AOI) Blowout Landfill Ħ Soils

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Cascade County Area, Montana Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 28, 2015

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 13, 2010—Aug

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Severely Eroded Spot

Slide or Slip Sodic Spot

Sinkhole

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot Sandy Spot

Map Unit Legend

Cascade County Area, Montana (MT613)				
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
11	Acel silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	14.7	0.5%	
21	Big Timber-Castner complex, 8 to 30 percent slopes	5.7	0.2%	
22	Big Timber-Castner complex, 30 to 70 percent slopes	88.5	3.0%	
28	Bitton and Roy soils, 10 to 65 percent slopes	449.9	15.4%	
38	Castner-Sinnigam complex, 2 to 15 percent slopes	86.8	3.0%	
49	Darret-Castner complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes	37.4	1.3%	
78	Fergus clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	73.0	2.5%	
81	Fergus-Absher silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.1	0.0%	
85	Gerber silty clay loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	480.9	16.5%	
88	Gerber-Lawther silty clays, 4 to 8 percent slopes	778.4	26.7%	
102 200	Hillon clay loam, 15 to 45 percent slopes	0.0	0.0%	
107	Ipano-Ticell loams, 0 to 4 percent slopes	113.1	3.9%	
108	Ipano-Ticell loams, 4 to 10 percent slopes	299.3	10.3%	
124	Lawther-Gerber complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	316.7	10.9%	
146	McKenzie silty clay loam	5.0	0.2%	
188	Tally fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	3.3	0.1%	
199	Ticell-Castner complex, 0 to 4 percent slopes	12.9	0.4%	
204	Timberg-Castner complex, 2 to 10 percent slopes	88.8	3.0%	
207	Twin Creek loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	18.9	0.6%	
208	Twin Creek silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	44.8	1.5%	
Totals for Area of Interest		2,918.2	100.0%	

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into soil phases. Most of the areas

shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Cascade County Area, Montana

11—Acel silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2sy7l Elevation: 2,590 to 3,940 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 14 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 125 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Acel and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Acel

Setting

Landform: Till plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Glaciofluvial deposits

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: silty clay loam

Bt - 6 to 20 inches: silty clay

Bk - 20 to 66 inches: silty clay loam

2By - 66 to 79 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Gypsum, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Slightly saline (4.0 to 6.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 8.0

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN162MT)

Minor Components

Nishon

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Potholes

Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Overflow (Ov) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN166MT)

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Ethridge

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Till plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Gerdrum

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Till plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Claypan (Cp) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN086MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

21—Big Timber-Castner complex, 8 to 30 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgrc Elevation: 3,100 to 4,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Big timber and similar soils: 55 percent Castner and similar soils: 30 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Big Timber

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: clay loam

C - 6 to 15 inches: gravelly clay loam
Cr - 15 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 30 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Castner

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 6 inches: channery loam

A2 - 6 to 10 inches: extremely channery loam Bk - 10 to 16 inches: extremely channery loam R - 16 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 30 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Minor Components

Darret

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-C 10-14" p.z. (R046XC503MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Timberg

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-C 10-14" p.z. (R046XC503MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

22—Big Timber-Castner complex, 30 to 70 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgrq Elevation: 3,100 to 4,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Big timber and similar soils: 55 percent Castner and similar soils: 25 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Big Timber

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: clay loam

C - 6 to 15 inches: gravelly clay loam
Cr - 15 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 70 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Castner

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 6 inches: channery loam

A2 - 6 to 10 inches: extremely channery loam Bk - 10 to 16 inches: extremely channery loam R - 16 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 30 to 70 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 15 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Roy

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

28-Bitton and Roy soils, 10 to 65 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgsc Elevation: 3,400 to 5,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Bitton and similar soils: 45 percent Roy and similar soils: 45 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit,

Description of Bitton

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: stony loam

Bk - 7 to 40 inches: very stony loam C - 40 to 60 inches: very stony clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 10 to 65 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 6.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Roy

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: stony loam

Bt - 6 to 32 inches: very stony clay loam

Bk - 32 to 60 inches: very stony sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 10 to 65 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 3.9

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Castner

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Sinnigam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

38—Castner-Sinnigam complex, 2 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgsq Elevation: 3,400 to 4,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Castner and similar soils: 65 percent Sinnigam and similar soils: 15 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Castner

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 6 inches: channery loam

A2 - 6 to 10 inches: extremely channery loam Bk - 10 to 16 inches: extremely channery loam R - 16 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Description of Sinnigam

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: very stony loam Bt - 6 to 17 inches: very stony clay

R - 17 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Absarokee

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Roy

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Reeder

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

49—Darret-Castner complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgt3 Elevation: 3,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Darret and similar soils: 60 percent Castner and similar soils: 25 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Darret

Setting

11 h

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay loam
Bt - 7 to 18 inches: silty clay

Bk - 18 to 28 inches: silty clay loam

Cr - 28 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Description of Castner

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 6 inches: channery loam

A2 - 6 to 10 inches: extremely channery loam Bk - 10 to 16 inches: extremely channery loam R - 16 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Big timber

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Sinnigam

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

78—Fergus clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgv4 Elevation: 3,300 to 4,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Fergus and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fergus

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: clay loam

Bt - 6 to 25 inches: silty clay loam

Bk - 25 to 42 inches: silty clay loam

C - 42 to 60 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 3.9

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Minor Components

Twin creek

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN252MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

81—Fergus-Absher silty clay loams, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgv8 Elevation: 3,400 to 4,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Fergus and similar soils: 70 percent Absher and similar soils: 20 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fergus

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: silty clay loam

Bt - 6 to 25 inches: silty clay loam

Bk - 25 to 42 inches: silty clay loam

C - 42 to 60 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 3.9

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Absher

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

E - 0 to 2 inches: silty clay loam Btn - 2 to 11 inches: clay Bknyz - 11 to 60 inches: clay

Byz - 60 to 70 inches: stratified clay to loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Gypsum, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Strongly saline (16.0 to 32.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 70.0 Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 7s Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Dense Clay (DC) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN172MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Twin creek

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN252MT)

85—Gerber silty clay loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgvd Elevation: 3,000 to 4,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 135 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Gerber and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Gerber

Setting

Landform: Till plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay loam
Bt - 7 to 14 inches: silty clay
Bk - 14 to 32 inches: silty clay loam
C - 32 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Minor Components

Acel

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Outwash terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Abor

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Lawther

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

88-Gerber-Lawther silty clays, 4 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgvh Elevation: 3,100 to 3,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 135 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Gerber and similar soils: 55 percent Lawther and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Gerber

Setting

Landform: Till plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay
Bt - 7 to 14 inches: silty clay
Bk - 14 to 32 inches: silty clay loam

C - 32 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Lawther

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: silty clay Bw - 6 to 16 inches: silty clay Bk - 16 to 35 inches: silty clay By - 35 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Gypsum, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Acel

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

102—Hillon clay loam, 15 to 45 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgmj Elevation: 3,000 to 3,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 135 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Hillon and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hillon

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 5 inches: clay loam Bk - 5 to 28 inches: clay loam C - 28 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 45 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Gypsum, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Clayey-Steep (CyStp) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN164MT)

1

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Gerber

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN162MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Scobey

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Till plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Silty (Si) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN161MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

107—Ipano-Ticell loams, 0 to 4 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgmp Elevation: 3,500 to 4,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Ipano and similar soils: 55 percent Ticell and similar soils: 20 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Ipano

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 8 inches: loam

Bk1 - 8 to 19 inches: silt loam

2Bk2 - 19 to 34 inches: channery loam 2R - 34 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Ticell

Setting

25

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: loam

Bk - 6 to 15 inches: silt loam

R - 15 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Castner

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Absarokee

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Work

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

108—Ipano-Ticell loams, 4 to 10 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgmq Elevation: 3,500 to 4,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Ipano and similar soils: 55 percent Ticell and similar soils: 20 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Ipano

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 8 inches: loam

Bk1 - 8 to 19 inches: silt loam

2Bk2 - 19 to 34 inches: channery loam 2R - 34 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 4 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Ticell

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: loam

Bk - 6 to 15 inches: silt loam

R - 15 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 4 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Castner

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Absarokee

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Work

Percent of map unit: 7 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

124—Lawther-Gerber complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgn9 Elevation: 3,400 to 3,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 18 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 135 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Lawther and similar soils: 65 percent Gerber and similar soils: 25 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Lawther

Setting

Landform: Terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: silty clay Bw - 6 to 16 inches: silty clay Bk - 16 to 35 inches: silty clay By - 35 to 60 inches: silty clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Gypsum, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN162MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Gerber

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay loam
Bt - 7 to 14 inches: silty clay

Bk - 14 to 32 inches: silty clay loam C - 32 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) RRU 58A-E 15-19" p.z. (R058AE388MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Hillon

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Silty (Si) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN161MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

146—McKenzie silty clay loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgp2 Elevation: 3,100 to 4,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 15 inches Mean annual air temperature: 34 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Mckenzie and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Mckenzie

Setting

Landform: Depressions
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay loam Bz1 - 7 to 14 inches: clay Bz2 - 14 to 60 inches: clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Gypsum, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Very slightly saline to moderately saline (2.0 to 8.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 9.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4w

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Overflow (Ov) 10-14" p.z. (R052XN166MT)

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Acel

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Outwash terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

188—Tally fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgqk Elevation: 3,300 to 3,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Tally and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Tally

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw - 7 to 22 inches: fine sandy loam
Bk - 22 to 40 inches: fine sandy loam
C - 40 to 60 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 5.95

in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 7.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: Draft Sandy (Sy) RRU 46-C 15-19" p.z. (R046XC505MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Castner

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

199—Ticell-Castner complex, 0 to 4 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgqy Elevation: 3,300 to 4,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 135 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Ticell and similar soils: 45 percent Castner and similar soils: 30 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Ticell

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: loam Bk - 6 to 15 inches: silt loam

R - 15 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Castner

Settina

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 6 inches: channery loam

A2 - 6 to 10 inches: extremely channery loam Bk - 10 to 16 inches: extremely channery loam R - 16 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Azaar

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Sandy (Sy) RRU 46-C 15-19" p.z. (R046XC505MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Ipano

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

204—Timberg-Castner complex, 2 to 10 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgr5 Elevation: 3,400 to 3,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Timberg and similar soils: 60 percent Castner and similar soils: 20 percent Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Timberg

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay loam

Bw - 7 to 12 inches: silty clay loam

Bk - 12 to 35 inches: silty clay loam

Cr - 35 to 60 inches: weathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 3.9

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-C 10-14" p.z. (R046XC503MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Castner

Setting

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 6 inches: channery loam

A2 - 6 to 10 inches: extremely channery loam Bk - 10 to 16 inches: extremely channery loam R - 16 to 60 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Bitton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Fergus

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Ticell

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Shallow (Sw) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC506MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Darret

14. The

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-C 10-14" p.z. (R046XC503MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

207—Twin Creek loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgr8 Elevation: 3,300 to 4,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Twin creek and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Twin Creek

Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: loam Bw - 7 to 25 inches: loam Bk - 25 to 45 inches: loam C - 45 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: Silty (Si) RRU 46-N 10-14" p.z. (R046XN236MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Perma

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Fergus

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Straw

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Flood plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

208—Twin Creek silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: cgr9 Elevation: 3,300 to 3,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 105 to 130 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Twin creek and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Twin Creek

Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: silty clay loam Bw - 7 to 25 inches: loam Bk - 25 to 45 inches: loam C - 45 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to

high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: Silty (Si) RRU 46-N 10-14" p.z. (R046XN236MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Fergus

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Alluvial fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-N 13-19" p.z. (R046XN247MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Straw

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Draft Silty (Si) RRU 46-C 13-19" p.z. (R046XC508MT)

Hydric soil rating: No

Timberg

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Plains

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: Clayey (Cy) RRU 46-C 10-14" p.z. (R046XC503MT)